200*680mm(正反面印刷 对折)

IT - Istruzioni posa

Prima di iniziare a posare il pavimento Cover-floor è necessario verificare che il prodotto non presenti difetti di produzione.
Materiale non conforme all'ordine non verrà sostituito dopo la posa in
opera. Lasciare le confezioni ancora sigillate nell'ambiente in cui andranno posate per almeno 48 ore ad una temperatura di 18/22°C e 40/60% di umidità relativa dell'aria.
Aprire i pacchi solo al momento dell' installazione.

Il pavimento Cover-floor è adatto alla posa flottante su impianti di riscaldamento a pavimento ad acqua a temperature di esercizio tra i 25/30°C.
Spegnere I'impianto di riscaldamento 24 ore prima della posa.
Trascorse 24 ore dalla posa è possibile attivare l'impianto aumentando gradualmente la temperatura di 2°C al giorno.

SOTTOFONDO

Il sottofondo deve rispettare i parametri della normativa Uni 13813.
La superficie di posa dovrà essere asciutta, liscia, piana, portante, pulita e uniforme.
Nel caso di dubbi sull'idoneità del sottofondo contattare Italflooring per supporto tecnico.

PRECAUZIONI

Cover-floor non è adatto per uso esterno, solarium, spa, saune ed in
generale negli ambienti dove temperatura e umidità superano i valori indicati.
Applicare dei feltrini sotto ai piedi di tavoli, sedie, poltrone, divani, ecc..
Quando devono essere spostati gli arredi, è consigliabile sollevarli anziché trascinarli.
Utilizzare sedie per ufficio con ruote in gomma secondo la normativa vigente.
Non usare mai zerbini con fondo in lattice perché potrebbero macchiare in modo permanente il pavimento

PULIZIA E MANUTENZIONE

Il pavimento deve essere pulito prima con una scopa oppure con
l'aspirapolvere,successivamente utilizzare un panno umido ben strizzato.
Usare sempre un detergente liquido neutro per pavimenti vinilici, diluito in acqua come indicato dal produttore. Non utilizzare sostanze aggressive contenenti glicerina poiché possono intaccare in maniera
permanente la superficie del pavimento.
Macchie di sporco difficile vanno trattate nello specifico.

PER ULTERIORI CHIARIMENTI RIVOLGERSI AL RIVENDITORE

EN - Installation guide

Please read the installation guide before the installation of the floor.
The installer has the responsibility to inspect the floor surface before the installation to ensure that there are no visual defects.
If visual defects are present, contact your retailer immediately.
Leave Cover-floor in the installation room for 48 hours at 18/22°C at 40/60% of umidity.
Cover-floor is compatible with floor heating, but the subfloor's temperature should not exceed 25/30°C
Turn off the heating 24 hours before and after installation, then gradually increase the temperature 2°C a day.

SUBFLOOR

The subfloor must be clean, smooth, flat and dry before installation.
If you have doubs about the suability of the subfloor, please contact Italflooring for technical support

MAINTENANCE

Cover-floor is not suitable for any outside use, solarium, saunas.
To protect against scratching from furniture feet by using wide
free-mooving castors,glides or fets pats.

CLEANING

First of all to remove all dirt and dust from the flooring with a brush or vacuum clean, then clean with water and a neutral appropriate cleaning agent at least twice and until the water stays clean.
Never use cleaning product that contains glycerin/damage resilient floor surfaces.

FOR QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT YOUR AUTHORIZED DEALER.

INSTALLATION GUIDELINES FOR FLOORING WITH ATTACHED PAD

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

- The floor covering should be stored and installed in a climate controlled location with a temperature between 13°–29 ℃ or average temp. of 21.2°. If product is stored in temperatures outside this range prior to installation it is recommended to acclimate the material for 48 hours prior to installation.
- Post installation temperature range is between 31.6°– 68.3℃.
- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight for prolonged periods, doing so may result in discoloration. During peak sunlight hours, the use of the drapes or blinds is recommended. Excess temperature due to direct sunlight can result in thermal expansion.
- Regardless of new construction or remodeling projects, keep flooring stored in rooms that are not being worked in and only install product after all other trades have completed work that could damage the flooring.
- Inspect all planks for damage before installing. Claims will not be accepted for flooring that has been cut to size and/or installed.
- Use cementitious patching and leveling compounds that meet or exceed maximum moisture level and pH requirements. Use of gypsum–based patching and/or leveling compounds which contain high alumina cement and meet or exceed the compressive strength of 20.684MPa are acceptable.
- Installation–Floating only–installed on, above, or below grade.

Tools: Tape Measure, Utility Knife, Jigsaw, Tapping Block or Rubber Mallet, Pull Bar, 1/4" Spacers, T–Square, Safety Glasses, Broom or Vacuum and, if necessary, tools for subfloor repair.

II. SUBFLOOR INFORMATION

All subfloors must be clean, flat, dry and structurally sound. The correct preparation of the subfloor is a major part of a successful installation.

Underlayments – Do NOT add an additional underlayment. Product has an attached pad and the use of an additional underlayment is NOT approved.

*Product without attached pad is NOT approved for use with a resilient underlayment.

CAUTION:Some types of nails, such as common steel nails, may cause discoloration of the vinyl floor covering. Recommendations for attching underlayment panels are not included. Solvent based construction adhesives are known to stain vinyl floor coverings. All responsibility for discoloration problems caused by the use of the above mentioned products is not the responsibility of the seller, but rests with the installer and the underlayment panel manufacture

A. Wood Subfloors

Do not install material over wood subfloors that lay directly on concrete or over dimensional lumber or plywood used over concrete. Refer to ASTM F1482 for panel underlayment recommendations.

1. Do not apply sheet plastic over wood subfloors.
2. Basements and crawl spaces must be dry. Use of a 0.15 mm black polyethylene is required to cover 100% of the crawl space earth. Crawl space clearance from ground to underside of joist is to be no less than 45.72mm；and perimeter vent spacing should be equal to 1.5% of the total square meter of the crawl space area to provide cross ventilation. Where necessary, local regulations prevail.
3. All other subfloors–Plywood, OSB, particleboard, chipboard, wafer board, etc. must be structurally sound and must be installed following their manufacturer's recommendations. Local building codes may only establish minimum requirements of the flooring system and may not provide adequate rigidity and support for proper installation and performance. If needed add an additional layer of APA rated underlayment, fasten and secure according to the underlayment manufacturer’s recommendations.
4. Flooring is not recommended directly over fire–retardant treated plywood or preservative treated plywood. An additional layer of APA rated 6.35mm thick underlayment should be installed.

B. Concrete Subfloors

1. Floors shall be smooth,permanently dry,clean, and free all foreign material such as dust, wax, solvents,paint,grease,oils,and old adhesive residue.The surface must be hard and dense,and free from powder or flaking.
2. New concrete slabs must be dry. Maximum moisture level per CaCl test method is 3.63kgs. per 1000 in 24 hr. Maximum level for ASTM 2170 In–situ Relative humidity test method –85%.
3. Do not install over concrete with a history of high moisture or hydrostatic conditions.
4. Ph level of concrete should be between 6–10
5. The final responsibility for determining if the concrete is dry enough for installation of the flooring lies with the floor covering installer.

Radiant Heat: Hydronic only –Radiant heat components must have a minimum of 12.7mm separation from the product. This is the only type of radiant heat system that is approved. Radiant heat system must be on and operational for at least 2 weeks prior to installation to reduce residual moisture within the concrete. Three days prior to installation lower the temperature to 18℃, after installation gradually increase the temperature in increments of 3℃ to avoid overheating. Maximum operating temperature should never exceed 30℃. Use of an in–floor temperature sensor is recommended to avoid overheating.

C. Existing Floor Coverings

- Flooring can be installed over most existing hard– surface floor coverings, provided that the existing floor surface is clean, flat dry and structurally sound.
- Existing sheet vinyl floors should not be heavily cushioned and not exceed more than one layer in thickness. Soft underlayment and soft substrates will compromise the product's locking ability as well as diminish its indentation resistance.
- Installation is NOT allowed over any type of carpet,
- Do NOT install over wood floors adhered to concrete.
- Never use solvents or citrus adhesive removers to remove old adhesive residue. Solvent residue left in and on the subfloor may affect the new floor covering.

III. INSTALLATION

Floating Installation Only

The flooring is designed to be installed utilizing the floating method. Never secure the planks to the subfloor when using the floating installation method. Do not install cabinets or fixed objects on top of the flooring. Proper expansion space, 8mm is required. Undercut all doorjambs. Do not fasten wall moldings and or transition strips to the planks.

1. Before you start with the installation, it is important to determine the layout of the flooring. Proper planning and layout will prevent having narrow plank widths at wall junctures or very short length pieces at the end of rows.
2. As with all plank products, install the planks parallel to the longest exterior wall.
3. Determine if the starter row will need to be cut.If the first row of planks does not need to be trimmed in width, it will be necessary to cut off the unsupported tongue so that a clean, solid edge shows towards the wall.
4. Installation of the product must start from the left side of the room, working to the right when working in front of the planks or facing the starting wall.
5. Install the second plank in the row by angling the end tongue into the end groove of the first plank. Be careful not to bend the comer of the plank. Maintain an expansion gap of approximately 8mm from the wall. Start the second row by cotting a plank to the desired length. Keep in mind that the plank must not be shorter than l5cm to achieve the best appearance.
6. Install the first plank in the second row by inserting the long side tongue into the groove of the plank in the first row. This is best done with a low angle of the plank. Maintain pressure into the side seam as you rotate the plank to the subfloor. Install the second plank in the second row by inserting the short end tongue into the previously installed plank groove. Align the plank so that the long side tongue tip is positioned just over the groove lip of the plank in the first row. Working from the end seam, at a low angle, insert the long tongue into the groove of the adjoining plank. Very litle force is required to seat the tongue into the groove. You should feel the tongue lock into the groove.
7. Work across the length of the room installing planks along the wall in the first row and then aligning the planks in the second row. It is critical to keep these two rows straight and square, as they are the “foundation” for the rest of the installation. Check squareness and straightness often.
8. Cut the last plank in the first row and leave an expansion gap of around 8mm. Planks may be cut with a utility knife using the “score and snap” technique.The leftover of this plank may be used to start the third row if it’s a minimum 15cm long.

9. Continue installing planks and make sure to achieve a random appearance with end pieces of minimum 15cm. Check that all planks are fully engaged; if a slight gapping is found, the, gap can be tapped together by using a tapping block and a scrap of flooring to cover the tapping block in order to avoid damages on the planks.
10. When fitting under door casings, if necessary, a flat pull bar may be used to assist in locking the planks.
11. When fitiing around obstacles or into irregular spaces, planks can be cut easily and cleanly using a utility knife with a sharp blade. It is often beneficial to make a cardboard template of the area and transfer this pattern to the plank.
12. Protect all exposed edges of the flooring by installing wall molding and/or transition strips. Make sure that no plank will be secured in any way to the sub floor.
13. For wet areas such as bathrooms caulk the perimeter of the floor with a silicone caulk.
14. Protect the finished flooring from exposure to direct sunlight to reduce fading and thermal expansion.

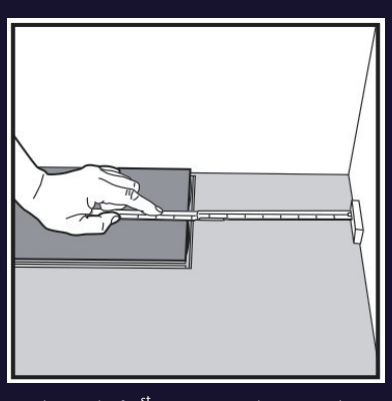
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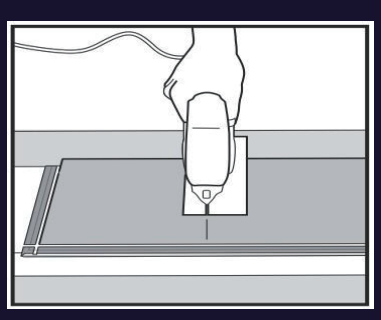
Start in the left-hand corner of the room. Place a distance aboutt 10mm thick to the left And position the plank to the wall (tongue face into the room)



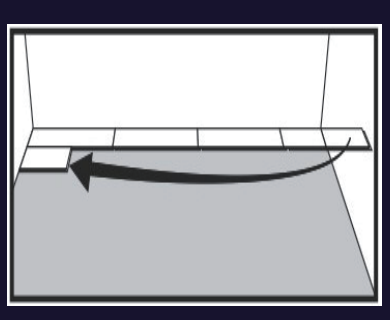
Place 2nd plank gently and tight to the short end of 1st plank. Fold down the panel down in a single action movement. During the fold down make sure the panels are tight against each other. Afterwards press or slightly knock at the short end just installed



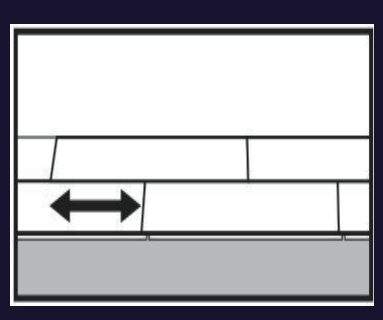
At the end of 1st row, put a distance abt 10mm to the wall and measure the length of the last plank to fit



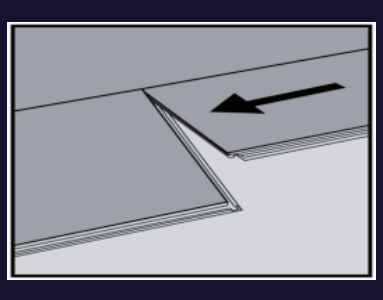
Cut with a jig saw hardwood face turned down or with a handsaw with hardwood face up



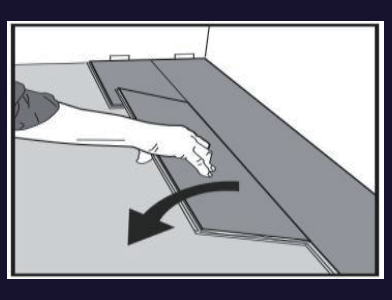
Second row. First plank minimum 500mm. Put a distance to the wall abt 10mm thick.



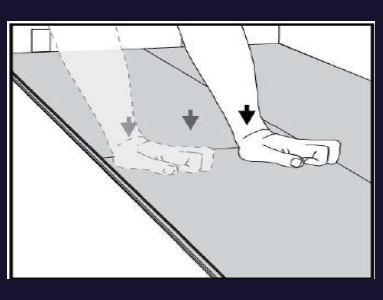
General: Minimum distance between short ends of Planks in parallel rows shall not be less than 400mm



Second plank , second row
Place the panel gently and movement tight to the short end of previous



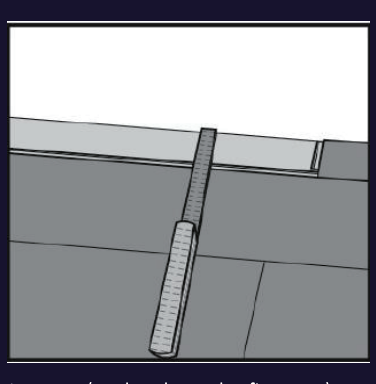
Fold down in a single action with a slight presto the short end of the previous. During fold down make sure the panels are tight against each other.



Press or knock slightly along the short end of the installed panel



After 3 rows, adjust the distance to the front wall by placing distances abt 10mm to wall



Last row (and perhaps also first row) Min. width 50mm. Remember the abt 10 mm distance to wall ! Cut the panels lengthwise and glue the short ends

Disassembling



For installation of radiators, please drill the holes 20mm larger than the diameter of pipes.



Seperate the whole row by carefully Lifting uop and slightly knocking just above the joint. Fold up and release the whole long side



Disassemble the panels by sliding horizontally !. **Do not fold up !**